abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Hepatitis C Virus Core Antigen protein ab49018

製品の詳細

製品名 Recombinant Hepatitis C Virus Core Antigen protein

精製度 > 95 % SDS-PAGE.

発現系 Escherichia coli

タンパク質長 Protein fragment

Animal free No

由来 Recombinant figure 105 to 302

配列の追加情報 ab49018 is amino acids 105 - 302 and thus spans a portion of the p19 and p21 core proteins as

well as a portion of the envelope glycoprotein E1.

特性

Our Abpromise quarantee covers the use of ab49018 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

アプリケーション Western blot

ELISA

製品の状態 Liquid

前処理および保存

保存方法および安定性 Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

pH: 7.2

Preservative: 0.01% Sodium azide

Constituents: 9% Urea, 0.395% Tris HCI, 0.0292% EDTA, 50% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine)

関連情報

関連性 The hepatitis C virus (HCV) core protein represents the first 191 amino acids of the viral

precursor polyprotein and is cotranslationally inserted into the membrane of the endoplasmic

 $reticulum. \ He patitis \ C \ virus \ (HCV) \ core \ is \ a \ viral \ structural \ protein; \ it \ also \ participates \ in \ some$

cellular processes, including transcriptional regulation. However the mechanisms of coremediated transcriptional regulation remain poorly understood. Hepatitis C virus (HCV) core protein is thought to contribute to HCV pathogenesis through its interaction with various signal transduction pathways. In addition, HCV core antigen is a recently developed marker of hepatitis C infection. The HCV core protein has been previously shown to circulate in the bloodstream of HCV-infected patients and inhibit host immunity through an interaction with gC1qR. Hepatitis C Virus is a positive, single stranded RNA virus in the Flaviviridae family. The genome is approximately 10,000 nucleotides and encodes a single polyprotein of about 3,000 amino acids. The polyprotein is processed by host cell and viral proteases into three major structural proteins and several non structural proteins necessary for viral replication. Hepatitis C virus (HCV) causes most cases of non-A, non-B hepatitis and results in most HCV infected people developing chronic infections, liver cirrhosis and hepatocellular carcinoma. T cell responses, including interferongamma production are severely suppressed in chronic HCV patients.

細胞内局在

Endoplasmic reticulum

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