abcam

Product datasheet

Recombinant Actin protein (Tagged) ab235861

画像数1

製品の詳細

製品名 Recombinant Actin protein (Tagged)

精製度 > 85 % SDS-PAGE.

発現系 Escherichia coli

アクセッション番号 <u>P10982</u>

タンパク質長 Full length protein

Animal free No

由来 Recombinant

生物種 Absidia glauca (Pin mould)

配列 MSMEEEIAALVIDNGSGMCKAGFAGDDAPRAVFPSIVGRPRH

QGIMVGMG

QKDSYVGDEAQSKRGILTLRYPIEHGIVTNWDDMEKIWHHTF

YNELRVAP

EEHPVLLTEAPLNPKSNREKMTQIMFETFNAPAFYVSIQA

予測される分子量 21 kDa including tags

領域 1 to 140

タグ His tag N-Terminus

配列の追加情報 N-terminal 6xHis-tagged and C-terminal Myc-tagged. Absidia glauca (Pin mould).

特性

Our Abpromise guarantee covers the use of ab235861 in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

アプリケーション SDS-PAGE

製品の状態 Liquid

前処理および保存

保存方法および安定性 Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.

pH: 7.2

Constituents: Tris buffer, 50% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine)

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関連情報

機能

関連疾患

Actins are highly conserved proteins that are involved in various types of cell motility and are ubiquitously expressed in all eukaryotic cells.

Defects in ACTA1 are the cause of nemaline myopathy type 3 (NEM3) [MIM:161800]. A form of nemaline myopathy. Nemaline myopathies are muscular disorders characterized by muscle weakness of varying severity and onset, and abnormal thread-or rod-like structures in muscle fibers on histologic examination. The phenotype at histological level is variable. Some patients present areas devoid of oxidative activity containg (cores) within myofibers. Core lesions are unstructured and poorly circumscribed.

Defects in ACTA1 are a cause of myopathy congenital with excess of thin myofilaments (MPCETM) [MIM:161800]. A congenital muscular disorder characterized at histological level by areas of sarcoplasm devoid of normal myofibrils and mitochondria, and replaced with dense masses of thin filaments. Central cores, rods, ragged red fibers, and necrosis are absent. Defects in ACTA1 are a cause of congenital myopathy with fiber-type disproportion (CFTD) [MIM:255310]; also known as congenital fiber-type disproportion myopathy (CFTDM). CFTD is a genetically heterogeneous disorder in which there is relative hypotrophy of type 1 muscle fibers compared to type 2 fibers on skeletal muscle biopsy. However, these findings are not specific and can be found in many different myopathic and neuropathic conditions.

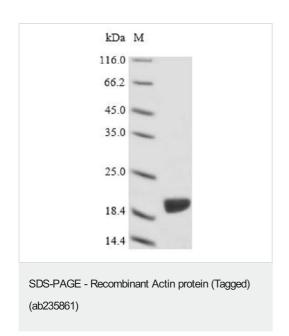
配列類似性

細胞内局在

Belongs to the actin family.

Cytoplasm > cytoskeleton.

画像



(Tris-Glycine gel) Discontinuous SDS-PAGE (reduced) with 5% enrichment gel and 15% separation gel analysis of ab235861.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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