

Anti-XPC antibody ab245384

画像数 1

製品の概要

製品名	Anti-XPC antibody
製品の詳細	Rabbit polyclonal to XPC
由来種	Rabbit
アプリケーション	適用あり: IP
種交差性	交差種: Human
免疫原	Synthetic peptide within Human XPC aa 825-875. The exact sequence is proprietary. (NP_004619.2). Database link: Q01831
ポジティブ・コントロール	IP: HeLa whole cell lysate.
特記事項	<p>The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets your needs before purchasing.</p> <p>If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As</p>

製品の特性

製品の状態	Liquid
保存方法	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C long term. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle.
バッファー	pH: 7 Preservative: 0.09% Sodium azide Constituent: Tris citrate/phosphate
精製度	pH 7 to 8 Immunogen affinity purified
特記事項 (精製)	ab245384 was affinity purified using an epitope specific to XPC immobilized on solid support.
ポリモノ	ポリクローナル
アイソタイプ	IgG

アプリケーション

The Abpromise guarantee **Abpromise保証は、次のテスト済みアプリケーションにおけるab245384の使用に適用されます**
アプリケーションノートには、推奨の開始希釈率がありますが、適切な希釈率につきましてはご確認ください。

アプリケーション	Abreviews	特記事項
IP		Use at 2-5 µg/mg of lysate.

ターゲット情報

機能

Involved in global genome nucleotide excision repair (GG-NER) by acting as damage sensing and DNA-binding factor component of the XPC complex. Has only a low DNA repair activity by itself which is stimulated by RAD23B and RAD23A. Has a preference to bind DNA containing a short single-stranded segment but not to damaged oligonucleotides. This feature is proposed to be related to a dynamic sensor function: XPC can rapidly screen duplex DNA for non-hydrogen-bonded bases by forming a transient nucleoprotein intermediate complex which matures into a stable recognition complex through an intrinsic single-stranded DNA-binding activity. The XPC complex is proposed to represent the first factor bound at the sites of DNA damage and together with other core recognition factors, XPA, RPA and the TFIIH complex, is part of the pre-precision (or initial recognition) complex. The XPC complex recognizes a wide spectrum of damaged DNA characterized by distortions of the DNA helix such as single-stranded loops, mismatched bubbles or single stranded overhangs. The orientation of XPC complex binding appears to be crucial for inducing a productive NER. XPC complex is proposed to recognize and to interact with unpaired bases on the undamaged DNA strand which is followed by recruitment of the TFIIH complex and subsequent scanning for lesions in the opposite strand in a 5'-to-3' direction by the NER machinery. Cyclobutane pyrimidine dimers (CPDs) which are formed upon UV-induced DNA damage escape detection by the XPC complex due to a low degree of structural perturbation. Instead they are detected by the UV-DDB complex which in turn recruits and cooperates with the XPC complex in the respective DNA repair. In vitro, the XPC:RAD23B dimer is sufficient to initiate NER; it preferentially binds to cisplatin and UV-damaged double-stranded DNA and also binds to a variety of chemically and structurally diverse DNA adducts. XPC:RAD23B contacts DNA both 5' and 3' of a cisplatin lesion with a preference for the 5' side. XPC:RAD23B induces a bend in DNA upon binding. XPC:RAD23B stimulates the activity of DNA glycosylases TDG and SMUG1.

関連疾患

Defects in XPC are a cause of xeroderma pigmentosum complementation group C (XP-C) [MIM:278720]; also known as xeroderma pigmentosum III (XP3). XP-C is a rare human autosomal recessive disease characterized by solar sensitivity, high predisposition for developing cancers on areas exposed to sunlight and, in some cases, neurological abnormalities.

配列類似性

Belongs to the XPC family.

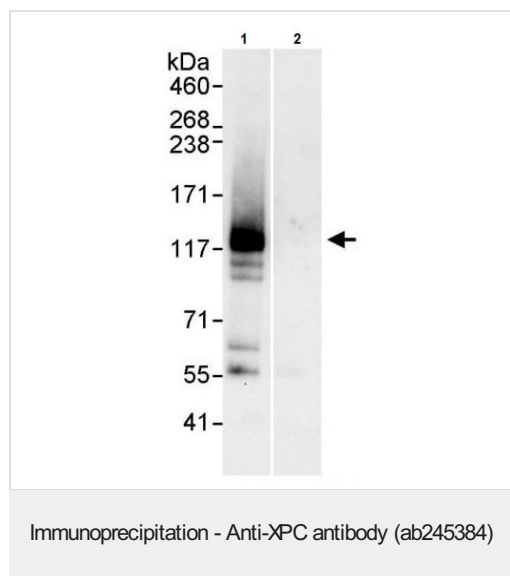
翻訳後修飾

Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR.
Ubiquitinated upon UV irradiation; the ubiquitination requires the UV-DDB complex, appears to be reversible and does not serve as a signal for degradation.

細胞内局在

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Omnipresent in the nucleus and consistently associates with and dissociates from DNA in the absence of DNA damage. Continuously shuttles between the cytoplasm and the nucleus, which is impeded by the presence of NER lesions.

画像



XPC was immunoprecipitated from HeLa (human epithelial cell line from cervix adenocarcinoma) whole cell lysate (1 mg per IP reaction; 20% of IP loaded) with ab245384 at 3 µg/mg lysate. Western blot was performed from the immunoprecipitate using another anti-XPC antibody at 0.1 µg/ml.

Lane 1: ab245384 IP in HeLa whole cell lysate.

Lane 2: Control IgG IP in HeLa whole cell lysate.

Detection: Chemiluminescence with exposure time of 30 seconds.

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