abcam

Product datasheet

Anti-p53 antibody [pAb122] ab90363



★★★★★ 1 Abreviews 14 References 画像数 3

製品の概要

製品名 Anti-p53 antibody [pAb122]

製品の詳細 Mouse monoclonal [pAb122] to p53

由来種 Mouse

アプリケーション 適用あり: WB, ICC/IF

種交差性 交差種: Mouse, Rat, Human

免疫原 Tissue, cells or virus corresponding to Mouse p53. SV40 transformed 3T3 cells

Database link: P02340-1

ポジティブ・コントロール WB: HCT-116 cell lysate, A431 cells, rat brain tissue extract, mouse brain tissue extract. ICC/IF

KO: Hap1 WT cells (Hap1-TP53 KO used as a negative cell line)

特記事項 lsotype: lgG2B, lgG1k

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

製品の特性

製品の状態 Liquid

保存方法 Shipped at 4°C. Store at -20℃.

ארעדעד Preservative: 0.09% Sodium azide

Constituents: PBS, 50% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine)

精製度 Protein G purified

特記事項(精製) Purified from TCS by Protein G Affinity

ポリ/モノ モノクローナル

クローン名 pAb122

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アプリケーション

The Abpromise guarantee <u>Abpromise保証は、</u>次のテスト済みアプリケーションにおけるab90363の使用に適用されます アプリケーションノートには、推奨の開始希釈率がありますが、適切な希釈率につきましてはご検討ください。

アプリケーション	Abreviews	特記事項
WB	★★★★ <u>(1)</u>	1/250. Predicted molecular weight: 44 kDa.
ICC/IF		1/100 - 1/500. Signal can be observed in cells fixed with either methanol or paraformaldehyde

ターゲット情報

機能

Acts as a tumor suppressor in many tumor types; induces growth arrest or apoptosis depending on the physiological circumstances and cell type. Involved in cell cycle regulation as a transactivator that acts to negatively regulate cell division by controlling a set of genes required for this process. One of the activated genes is an inhibitor of cyclin-dependent kinases. Apoptosis induction seems to be mediated either by stimulation of BAX and FAS antigen expression, or by repression of Bcl-2 expression. Implicated in Notch signaling cross-over. Isoform 2 enhances the transactivation activity of isoform 1 from some but not all TP53-inducible promoters. Isoform 4 suppresses transactivation activity and impairs growth suppression mediated by isoform 1. Isoform 7 inhibits isoform 1-mediated apoptosis.

組織特異性

Ubiquitous. Isoforms are expressed in a wide range of normal tissues but in a tissue-dependent manner. Isoform 2 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in brain, lung, prostate, muscle, fetal brain, spinal cord and fetal liver. Isoform 3 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in lung, spleen, testis, fetal brain, spinal cord and fetal liver. Isoform 7 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in prostate, uterus, skeletal muscle and breast. Isoform 8 is detected only in colon, bone marrow, testis, fetal brain and intestine. Isoform 9 is expressed in most normal tissues but is not detected in brain, heart, lung, fetal liver, salivary gland, breast or intestine.

関連疾患

Note=TP53 is found in increased amounts in a wide variety of transformed cells. TP53 is frequently mutated or inactivated in about 60% of cancers. TP53 defects are found in Barrett metaplasia a condition in which the normally stratified squamous epithelium of the lower esophagus is replaced by a metaplastic columnar epithelium. The condition develops as a complication in approximately 10% of patients with chronic gastroesophageal reflux disease and predisposes to the development of esophageal adenocarcinoma.

Defects in TP53 are a cause of esophageal cancer (ESCR) [MIM:133239].

Defects in TP53 are a cause of Li-Fraumeni syndrome (LFS) [MIM:151623]. LFS is an autosomal dominant familial cancer syndrome that in its classic form is defined by the existence of a proband affected by a sarcoma before 45 years with a first degree relative affected by any tumor before 45 years and another first degree relative with any tumor before 45 years or a sarcoma at any age. Other clinical definitions for LFS have been proposed (PubMed:8118819 and PubMed:8718514) and called Li-Fraumeni like syndrome (LFL). In these families affected relatives develop a diverse set of malignancies at unusually early ages. Four types of cancers account for 80% of tumors occurring in TP53 germline mutation carriers: breast cancers, soft tissue and bone sarcomas,

brain tumors (astrocytomas) and adrenocortical carcinomas. Less frequent tumors include choroid plexus carcinoma or papilloma before the age of 15, rhabdomyosarcoma before the age of 5, leukemia, Wilms tumor, malignant phyllodes tumor, colorectal and gastric cancers.

Defects in TP53 are involved in head and neck squamous cell carcinomas (HNSCC)
[MIM:275355]; also known as squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck.

Defects in TP53 are a cause of lung cancer (LNCR) [MIM:211980].

Defects in TP53 are a cause of choroid plexus papilloma (CPLPA) [MIM:260500]. Choroid plexus papilloma is a slow-growing benign tumor of the choroid plexus that often invades the leptomeninges. In children it is usually in a lateral ventricle but in adults it is more often in the fourth ventricle. Hydrocephalus is common, either from obstruction or from tumor secretion of cerebrospinal fluid. If it undergoes malignant transformation it is called a choroid plexus carcinoma. Primary choroid plexus tumors are rare and usually occur in early childhood. Defects in TP53 are a cause of adrenocortical carcinoma (ADCC) [MIM:202300]. ADCC is a rare childhood tumor of the adrenal cortex. It occurs with increased frequency in patients with the Beckwith-Wiedemann syndrome and is a component tumor in Li-Fraumeni syndrome.

Belongs to the p53 family.

The nuclear export signal acts as a transcriptional repression domain. The TADI and TADII motifs (residues 17 to 25 and 48 to 56) correspond both to 9aaTAD motifs which are transactivation domains present in a large number of yeast and animal transcription factors.

Acetylated. Acetylation of Lys-382 by CREBBP enhances transcriptional activity. Deacetylation of Lys-382 by SIRT1 impairs its ability to induce proapoptotic program and modulate cell senescence.

Phosphorylation on Ser residues mediates transcriptional activation. Phosphorylated by HIPK1 (By similarity). Phosphorylation at Ser-9 by HIPK4 increases repression activity on BIRC5 promoter. Phosphorylated on Thr-18 by VRK1. Phosphorylated on Ser-20 by CHEK2 in response to DNA damage, which prevents ubiquitination by MDM2. Phosphorylated on Thr-55 by TAF1, which promotes MDM2-mediated degradation. Phosphorylated on Ser-46 by HIPK2 upon UV irradiation. Phosphorylation on Ser-46 is required for acetylation by CREBBP. Phosphorylated on Ser-392 following UV but not gamma irradiation. Phosphorylated upon DNA damage, probably by ATM or ATR. Phosphorylated on Ser-15 upon ultraviolet irradiation; which is enhanced by interaction with BANP.

Dephosphorylated by PP2A-PPP2R5C holoenzyme at Thr-55. SV40 small T antigen inhibits the dephosphorylation by the AC form of PP2A.

May be O-glycosylated in the C-terminal basic region. Studied in EB-1 cell line.

Ubiquitinated by MDM2 and SYVN1, which leads to proteasomal degradation. Ubiquitinated by RFWD3, which works in cooperation with MDM2 and may catalyze the formation of short polyubiquitin chains on p53/TP53 that are not targeted to the proteasome. Ubiquitinated by MKRN1 at Lys-291 and Lys-292, which leads to proteasomal degradation. Deubiquitinated by USP10, leading to its stabilization. Ubiquitinated by TRIM24, which leads to proteasomal degradation. Ubiquitination by TOPORS induces degradation. Deubiquitination by USP7, leading to stabilization. Isoform 4 is monoubiquitinated in an MDM2-independent manner.

Monomethylated at Lys-372 by SETD7, leading to stabilization and increased transcriptional activation. Monomethylated at Lys-370 by SMYD2, leading to decreased DNA-binding activity and subsequent transcriptional regulation activity. Lys-372 monomethylation prevents interaction with SMYD2 and subsequent monomethylation at Lys-370. Dimethylated at Lys-373 by EHMT1 and EHMT2. Monomethylated at Lys-382 by SETD8, promoting interaction with L3MBTL1 and leading to repress transcriptional activity. Demethylation of dimethylated Lys-370 by KDM1A prevents interaction with TP53BP1 and represses TP53-mediated transcriptional activation. Sumoylated by SUMO1.

Cytoplasm; Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus > PML body. Endoplasmic reticulum. Interaction with

配列類似性

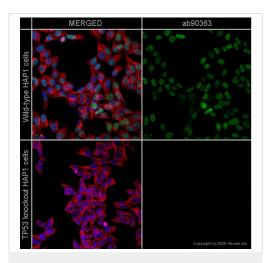
ドメイン

翻訳後修飾

BANP promotes nuclear localization. Recruited into PML bodies together with CHEK2; Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Localized in both nucleus and cytoplasm in most cells. In some cells, forms foci in the nucleus that are different from nucleoli; Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Localized in the nucleus in most cells but found in the cytoplasm in some cells; Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Localized mainly in the nucleus with minor staining in the cytoplasm; Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Predominantly nuclear but localizes to the cytoplasm when expressed with isoform 4 and Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Predominantly nuclear but translocates to the cytoplasm following cell stress.

ab90363 staining p53 in wild-type Hap1 cells (top panel) and p53 knockout Hap1 cells (bottom panel). The cells were fixed with 100%

画像



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Antip53 antibody [pAb122] (ab90363)

Western blot - Anti-p53 antibody [pAb122] (ab90363)
This image is courtesy of an Abreview by Anke Rauch.

methanol (5 min), permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then blocked with 1% BSA/10% normal goat serum/0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h. The cells were then incubated with ab90363 at 1/500 dilution and $\underline{ab6046}$ (Rabbit polyclonal to beta Tubulin) at 1/1000 dilution overnight at +4°C, followed by a further incubation at room temperature for 1h with a goat secondary antibody to mouse lgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) ($\underline{ab150117}$) at 2 µg/ml (shown in green) and a goat secondary antibody to rabbit lgG (Alexa Fluor® 594) ($\underline{ab150080}$) at 2 µg/ml (shown in pseudo color red). Nuclear DNA was labelled in blue with DAPI.

Image was taken with a high-content analysis system (Perkin Elmer, Operetta CLS™).

All lanes : Anti-p53 antibody [pAb122] (ab90363) at 1/2000 dilution

Lane 1: HCT-116 cell lysate, untreated

Lane 2: HCT-116 cell lysate + 10 µM CPT-11 for 24 hrs

Lane 3: Negative control: HCT-116 cell lysate, untreated

Lane 4 : Negative control: HCT-116 cell lysate + 10 μ M CPT-11 for

24 hrs

Lysates/proteins at 30 µg per lane.

Secondary

All lanes : HRP-conjugated rabbit anti-mouse polyclonal at 1/5000 dilution

Developed using the ECL technique.

Performed under reducing conditions.

Predicted band size: 44 kDa

Additional bands at: 130 kDa (possible non-specific binding), 35 kDa (possible non-specific binding), 55 kDa. We are unsure as to the identity of these extra bands.

Exposure time: 5 minutes

Blocked with 5% milk for 1 hour at 21°C.

All lanes: Anti-p53 antibody [pAb122] (ab90363) at 1/250 dilution

Lane 1: A431

Lane 2: Rat brain tissue extract

Lane 3: Mouse brain tissue extract

Developed using the ECL technique.

Predicted band size: 44 kDa

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