

Human CCND1 (Cyclin D1) knockout HeLa cell lysate ab256864

画像数 3

製品の概要

製品名	Human CCND1 (Cyclin D1) knockout HeLa cell lysate
製品の概要	Knockout cell lysate achieved by CRISPR/Cas9.
Parental Cell Line	HeLa
Organism	Human
Mutation description	Knockout achieved by using CRISPR/Cas9, Homozygous: Insertion of the selection cassette in exon 1.
Passage number	<20
Knockout validation	Sanger Sequencing, Western Blot (WB)
Reconstitution notes	To use as WB control, resuspend the lyophilizate in 50 µL of LDS* Sample Buffer to have a final concentration of 2 mg/ml. For reducing conditions, we recommend a final concentration of 0.1 M DTT. <i>*Usage of SDS sample buffer is not recommended with these lyophilized lysates.</i>

特記事項

Lysate preparation: Our lysates are made using RIPA buffer to which we add a protease inhibitor cocktail and phosphatase inhibitor cocktail (ratio: 300:100:10). *This means that the protein of interest is denatured.* If you require a native form of the protein please use the live cell version - found [here](#). Please refer to our lysis protocol for further details on how our lysates are prepared.

User storage instructions: Lyophilizate may be stored at 4°C. After reconstitution, store at -20°C for short-term storage or -80°C for long-term storage.

Access thousands of knockout cell lysates, generated from commonly used cancer cell lines.
[See here for more information on knockout cell lysates.](#)

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アプリケーション

適用あり: WB

製品の特性

保存方法

Store at -80°C. Please refer to protocols.

内容	1 kit
ab261929 - Human CCND1 knockout HeLa cell lysate	1 x 100µg
ab255552 - Human wild-type HeLa cell lysate	1 x 100µg

Cell type

epithelial

Disease

Adenocarcinoma

Gender

Female

STR Analysis

Amelogenin X D5S818: 11, 12 D13S317: 12, 13.3 D7S820: 8, 12 D16S539: 9, 10 vWA: 16, 18 TH01: 7 TPOX: 8, 12 CSF1PO: 9, 10

ターゲット情報

機能

Essential for the control of the cell cycle at the G1/S (start) transition.

関連疾患

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving CCND1 may be a cause of B-lymphocytic malignancy, particularly mantle-cell lymphoma (MCL). Translocation t(11;14)(q13;q32) with immunoglobulin gene regions. Activation of CCND1 may be oncogenic by directly altering progression through the cell cycle.

Note=A chromosomal aberration involving CCND1 may be a cause of parathyroid adenomas. Translocation t(11;11)(q13;p15) with the parathyroid hormone (PTH) enhancer.

Defects in CCND1 are a cause of multiple myeloma (MM) [MM:254500]. MM is a malignant tumor of plasma cells usually arising in the bone marrow and characterized by diffuse involvement of the skeletal system, hyperglobulinemia, Bence-Jones proteinuria and anemia. Complications of multiple myeloma are bone pain, hypercalcemia, renal failure and spinal cord compression. The aberrant antibodies that are produced lead to impaired humoral immunity and patients have a high prevalence of infection. Amyloidosis may develop in some patients. Multiple myeloma is part of a spectrum of diseases ranging from monoclonal gammopathy of unknown significance (MGUS) to plasma cell leukemia. Note=A chromosomal aberration involving CCND1 is found in multiple myeloma. Translocation t(11;14)(q13;q32) with the IgH locus.

配列類似性

Belongs to the cyclin family. Cyclin D subfamily.

翻訳後修飾

Phosphorylation at Thr-286 by MAP kinases is required for ubiquitination and degradation following DNA damage. It probably plays an essential role for recognition by the FBXO31 component of SCF (SKP1-cullin-F-box) protein ligase complex.

Ubiquitinated, primarily as 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitination. Ubiquitinated by a SCF (SKP1-CUL1-F-box protein) ubiquitin-protein ligase complex containing FBXO4 and CRYAB (By similarity). Following DNA damage it is ubiquitinated by some SCF (SKP1-cullin-F-box) protein ligase complex containing FBXO31. Ubiquitination leads to its degradation and G1 arrest. Deubiquitinated by USP2; leading to stabilize it.

細胞内局在

Nucleus.

アプリケーション

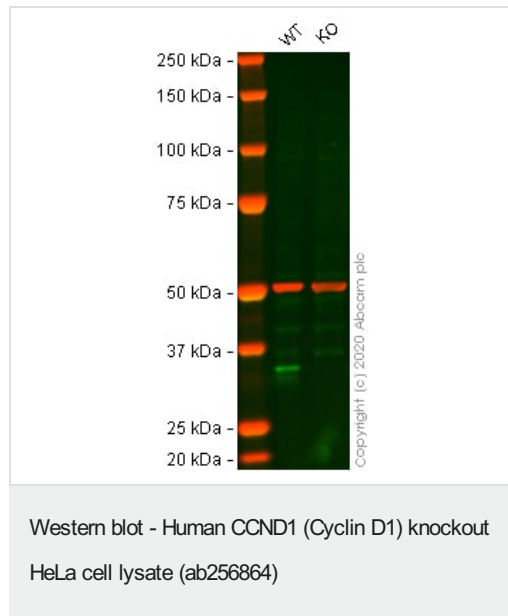
The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise保証は、次のテスト済みアプリケーションにおけるab256864の使用に適用されます

アプリケーションノートには、推奨の開始希釈率がありますが、適切な希釈率につきましてはご検討ください。

アプリケーション	Abreviews	特記事項
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Predicted molecular weight: 34 kDa.

画像

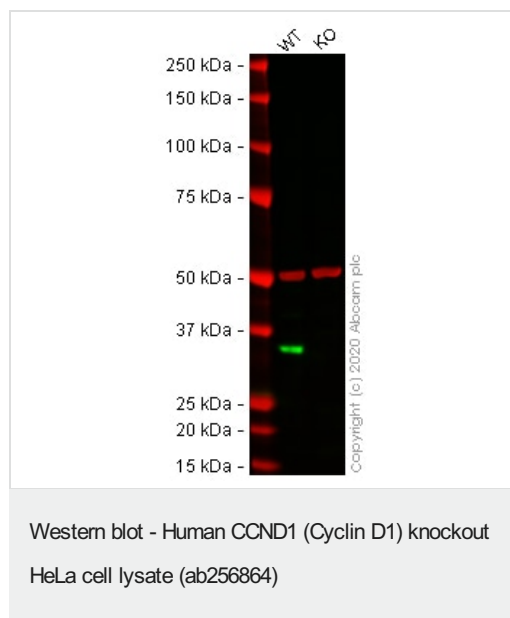


Lane 1: Wild-type HeLa cell lysate (20µg)

Lane 2: CCND1 knockout HeLa cell lysate (20µg)

Lanes 1- 2: Merged signal (red and green). Green - **ab40754** observed at 36 kDa. Red - loading control **ab7291** observed at 50 kDa.

ab40754 Anti-Cyclin D1 antibody [EP272Y] was shown to specifically react with Cyclin D1 in wild-type HeLa cells in western blot. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line **ab261760** (knockout cell lysate ab256864) was used. Wild-type and Cyclin D1 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membrane was blocked for 1 hour at room temperature in 0.1% TBST with 3% non-fat dried milk. **ab40754** and Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Loading Control (**ab7291**) were incubated overnight at 4°C at 1 in 1000 dilution and 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (**ab216773**) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed (**ab216776**) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.

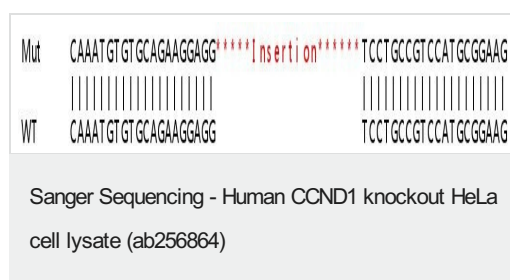


Lane 1: Wild-type HeLa cell lysate (20µg)

Lane 2: CCND1 knockout HeLa cell lysate (20µg)

Lanes 1- 2: Merged signal (red and green). Green - **ab16663** observed at 36 kDa. Red - loading control **ab7291** observed at 50 kDa.

ab16663 Anti-Cyclin D1 antibody [SP4] was shown to specifically react with Cyclin D1 in wild-type HeLa cells in western blot. Loss of signal was observed when knockout cell line **ab261760** (knockout cell lysate ab256864) was used. Wild-type and Cyclin D1 knockout samples were subjected to SDS-PAGE. Membrane was blocked for 1 hour at room temperature in 0.1% TBST with 3% non-fat dried milk. **ab16663** and Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Loading Control (**ab7291**) were incubated overnight at 4 °C at 1 in 200 dilution and 1 in 20000 dilution respectively. Blots were developed with Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (IRDye® 800CW) preadsorbed (**ab216773**) and Goat anti-Mouse IgG H&L (IRDye® 680RD) preadsorbed (**ab216776**) secondary antibodies at 1 in 20000 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature before imaging.



Homozygous: Insertion of the selection cassette in exon 1

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