abcam

Product datasheet

Ibotenic acid, excitotoxic agonist ab120041

13 References 画像数 2

製品の概要

製品名 lbotenic acid, excitotoxic agonist

製品の詳細 Excitotoxic agonist

生理活性の詳細 Neuroexcitatory amino acid originally isolated from Amanita species. Neurotoxin often used to

model cognitive dysfunctions. NMDA and metabotropic receptor agonist.

Also available in simple stock solutions (ab146670) - add 1 ml of water to get an exact, ready-to-

use concentration.

CAS 番号 2552-55-8

構造式

H₂N OF

製品の特性

体系名 2-Amino-2-(3-hydroxyisoxazol-5-yl)acetic acid

分子量 158.11

分子式 C₅H₆N₂O₄

PubChem 登録番号 1233

保存方法 Store at -20°C. Store under desiccating conditions. The product can be stored for up to 12

months.

溶解性 Soluble in water to 10 mM

使用に関する注意 Wherever possible, you should prepare and use solutions on the same day. However, if you need

to make up stock solutions in advance, we recommend that you store the solution as aliquots in tightly sealed vials at -20°C. Generally, these will be useable for up to one month. Before use, and

prior to opening the vial we recommend that you allow your product to equilibrate to room

temperature for at least 1 hour.

Toxic, refer to SDS for further information.

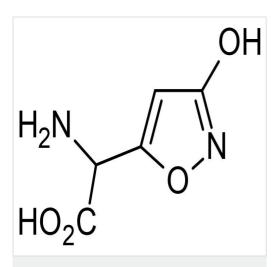
Need more advice on solubility, usage and handling? Please visit our frequently asked

questions (FAQ) page for more details.

SMILES 線形表記 NC(C(=O)O)c1cc(O)no1

1

画像



Chemical Structure - Ibotenic acid, excitotoxic agonist (ab120041)

2D chemical structure image of ab120041, lbotenic acid, excitotoxic agonist



Functional Studies - Ibotenic acid, excitotoxic agonist (ab120041)

Image from Masini CV et al., Brain Res. 2013;1443:18-26. Fig 1.; doi: 10.1016/j.brainres.2012.01.002 with permission from Elsevier.

Representative examples of NeuN immunohistochemistry of a complete auditory cortex lesion or sham-operated control section. Rats were anesthetized with halothane and placed in a Kopf stereotaxic apparatus. The skin overlying the skull was disinfected, an incision made, and small burr holes drilled through the skull bone to allow penetration of the injector (Hamilton 1 μ l syringe). Bilateral excitotoxic lesions (two per side) were produced by injections of 0.25 μ l ibotenic acid (10 μ g/ μ l in 0.1 M sodium phosphate buffer, pH: 7.4; ab120041). The rate of infusion was 0.05 μ l/min. The injector was lowered in the brain and left in place 3 min before and 5 min after each injection.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES, NOT FOR USE IN HUMANS"

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