

Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) ab150077

★★★★★ **20 Abreviews** **2871 References** 画像数 16

製品の概要

製品名	Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488)
由来種	Goat
ターゲット生物種	Rabbit
特異性	This antibody is specific to Rabbit IgG.
アプリケーション	適用あり: ICC/IF, Flow Cyt, IHC-P, ELISA, IHC-Fr
免疫原	The details of the immunogen for this antibody are not available.
標識	Alexa Fluor® 488. Ex: 495nm, Em: 519nm

製品の特性

製品の状態	Liquid
保存方法	Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Upon delivery aliquot. Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycle. Stable for 12 months at -20°C. Store In the Dark.
バッファー	Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide Constituents: 23% Glycerol (glycerin, glycerine), PBS, 1% BSA
精製度	Immunogen affinity purified
特記事項(精製)	This antibody was isolated by affinity chromatography using antigen coupled to agarose beads.
ポリ/モノ	ポリクローナル
アイソタイプ	IgG
特記事項	Fluorochrome chart – a complete guide:

A quick and easy guide to help you select the most appropriate fluorochromes for your next experiment.

Please see [here](#).

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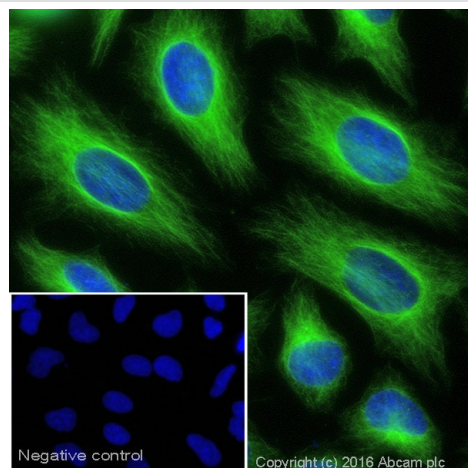
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アプリケーション

The Abpromise guarantee Abpromise保証は、次のテスト済みアプリケーションにおけるab150077の使用に適用されます
アプリケーションノートには、推奨の開始希釈率がありますが、適切な希釈率につきましてはご検討ください。

アプリケーション	Abreviews	特記事項
ICC/IF	★★★★★ (7)	1/200 - 1/1000.
Flow Cyt		1/2000 - 1/4000.
IHC-P	★★★★★ (3)	Use at an assay dependent concentration.
ELISA		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
IHC-Fr	★★★★★ (5)	Use at an assay dependent concentration.

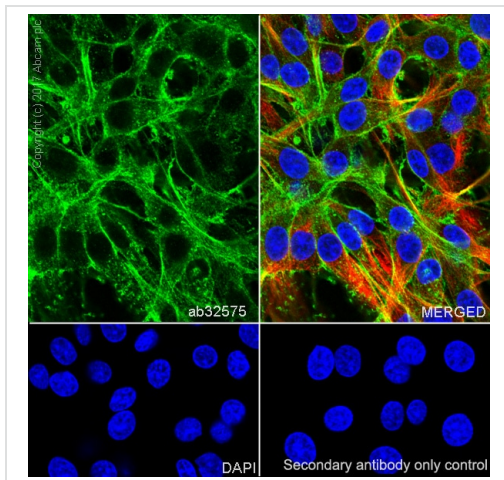
画像



ICC/IF image of beta Tubulin staining in HeLa cells. The cells were 100% methanol fixed (5 min), permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100 for 5 minutes and then incubated in 1% BSA / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h to block non-specific protein-protein interactions. The cells were then incubated with the primary antibody ([ab6046](#), 5µg/ml) overnight at +4°C. The secondary antibody (green) was ab150077 Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) used at 2µg/ml for 1h. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei (blue) at a concentration of 1.43µM.

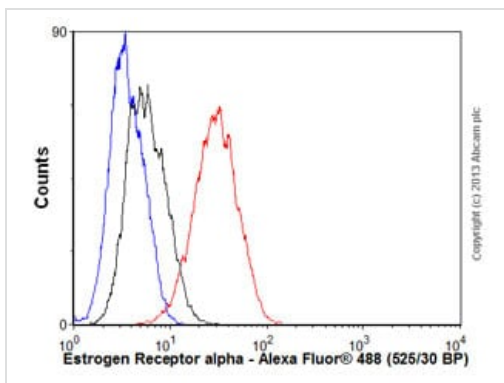
The negative control (inset) is a secondary-only assay to demonstrate low non-specific binding of the secondary antibody.

Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Goat
Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)



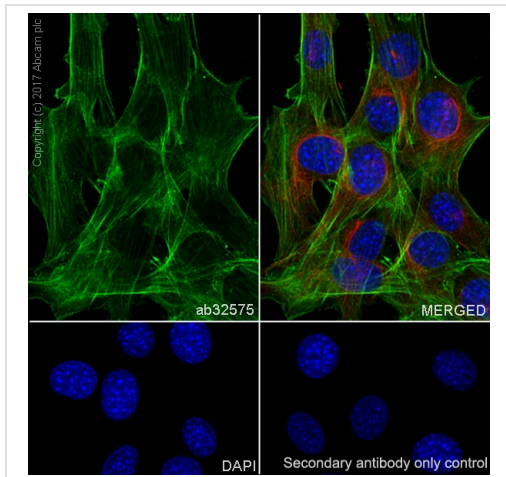
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence analysis of C6(Rat glial tumor glial cell) cells labeling alpha smooth muscle Actin with purified **ab32575** at 1/100 dilution (0.71 µg/ml). Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. Cells were counterstained with Ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) 1/200 (2.5 µg/ml). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (2 µg/ml) dilution. DAPI was used as nuclear counterstain. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control.



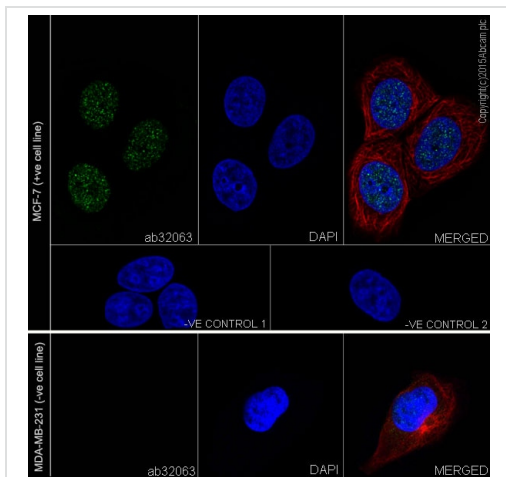
Flow Cytometry (Intracellular) - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

Overlay histogram showing MCF7 cells stained with unpurified **ab32063** (red line). The cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Tween for 20 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (**ab32063**, 1/1000 dilution) for 30 min at 22°C. The secondary antibody used was Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) (ab150077) at 1/2000 dilution for 30 min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody (black line) was rabbit IgG (monoclonal) (1µg/1x10⁶ cells) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (blue line) was also used as a control. Acquisition of >5,000 events were collected using a 20mW Argon ion laser (488nm) and 525/30 bandpass filter. This antibody gave a positive signal in MCF7 cells fixed with 80% methanol (5 min)/permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Tween for 20 min used under the same conditions.



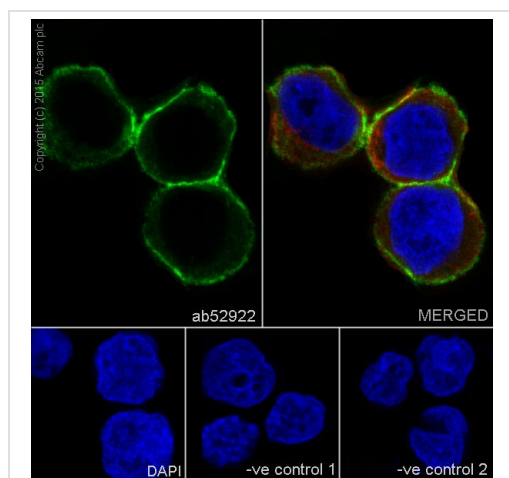
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Goat
Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence analysis of NIH/3T3(Mouse embryonic fibroblast) cells labeling alpha smooth muscle Actin with purified **ab32575** at 1/500 dilution (5.2 µg/ml). Cells were fixed in 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. Cells were counterstained with Ab195889 Anti-alpha Tubulin antibody [DM1A] - Microtubule Marker (Alexa Fluor® 594) 1/200 (2.5 µg/ml). Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488, ab150077) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution (2 µg/ml) dilution. DAPI was used as nuclear counterstain. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Goat
Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis of MCF-7 cells labelling Estrogen Receptor alpha with purified **ab32063** at 1/1000. Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. ab150077, an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1/1000) was used as the secondary antibody. The cells were co-stained with **ab7291**, a mouse anti-tubulin (1/1000) using **ab150120**, an Alexa Fluor® 594-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (1/1000) as the secondary antibody. Nuclei counterstained with DAPI (blue).
Control 1: primary antibody (1/1000) and secondary antibody, **ab150120**, an Alexa Fluor® 594-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (1/1000).
Control 2: **ab7291** (1/1000) and secondary antibody, ab150077, an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1/1000).

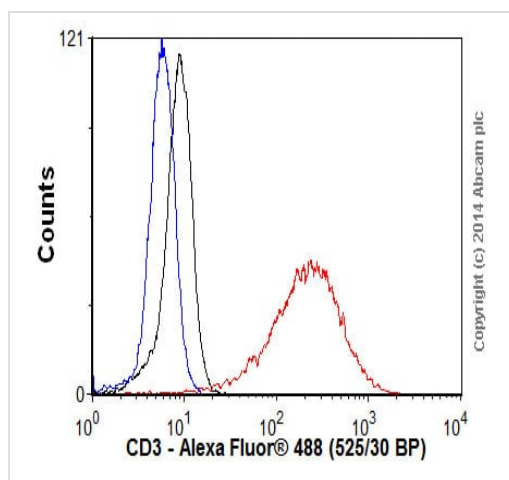


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis of Raji (human Burkitt's lymphoma) cells labelling HLA A with purified **ab52922** at 1/100. Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. **ab150077**, an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1/1000) was used as the secondary antibody. DAPI (blue) was used as the nuclear counterstain. **ab7291**, a mouse anti-tubulin (1/1000) and **ab150120**, an Alexa Fluor® 594-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (1/1000) were also used.

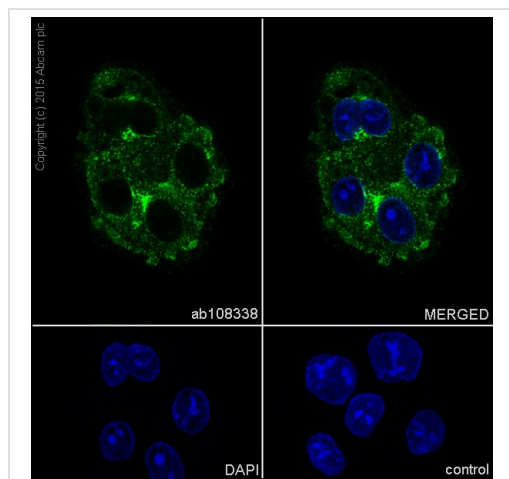
Control 1: primary antibody (1/100) and secondary antibody, **ab150120**, an Alexa Fluor® 594-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (1/500).

Control 2: **ab7291** (1/1000) and secondary antibody, **ab150077**, an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1/500).



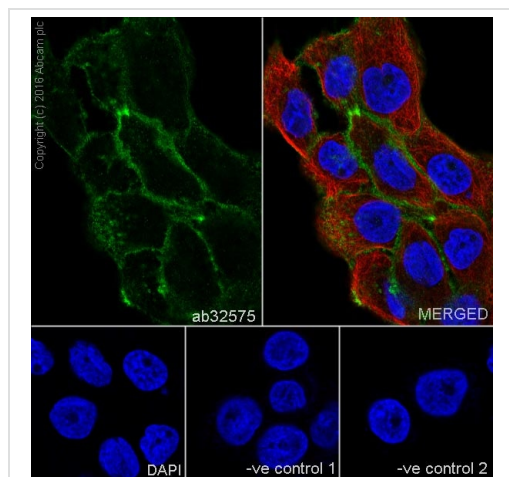
Flow Cytometry - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

Overlay histogram showing Jurkat cells stained with **ab16669** (red line). The cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Tween for 20 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (**ab16669**, 1/1000 dilution) for 30 min at 22°C. The secondary antibody Goat anti-rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (**ab150077**) was used at 1/4000 dilution for 30 min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody (black line) was rabbit IgG (monoclonal) (0.1µg/1x10⁶ cells) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (blue line) was also used as a control. Acquisition of >5,000 events were collected using a 20mW Argon ion laser (488nm) and 525/30 bandpass filter.



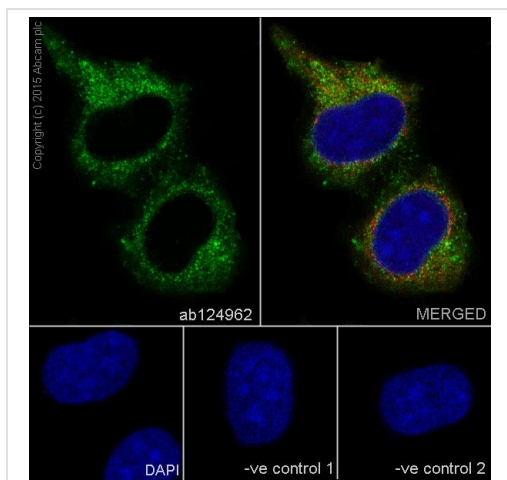
Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Goat
Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 (Human hepatocellular carcinoma epithelial cell) cells labeling ATG9A with Purified **ab108338** at 1/100 dilution. Cells were fixed in 4% Paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% tritonX-100. ab150077 Goat anti rabbit IgG (Alexa Fluor® 488) was used as the secondary antibody at 1/1000 dilution. DAPI nuclear counterstain. PBS instead of the primary antibody was used as the secondary antibody only control.



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Goat
Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis of A431 (human epidermoid carcinoma) cells labeling alpha smooth muscle Actin (green) with purified **ab32575** at 1/500. Cells were fixed with 4% paraformaldehyde and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. ab150077, Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1/1000) was used as the secondary antibody. Cells were counterstained with **ab7291**, anti-Tubulin (mouse mAb) at 1/1000 followed by **ab150120** Alexa Fluor®594 goat anti-mouse secondary (1/1000). Nuclei were counterstained with DAPI (blue). For negative control 1, rabbit primary antibody and anti-mouse secondary antibody (**ab150120**) were used. For negative control 2, **ab7291** (mouse primary antibody) was used followed by anti-rabbit secondary antibody (ab150077).

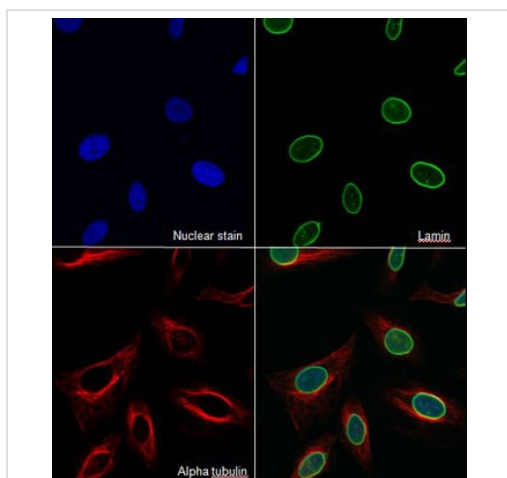


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Goat
Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cells labelling IL-1RA with purified **ab124962** at 1/100. Cells were fixed with 100% methanol and permeabilized with 0.1% Triton X-100. **ab150077**, an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1/1000) was used as the secondary antibody. DAPI (blue) was used as the nuclear counterstain. **ab7291**, a mouse anti-tubulin (1/1000) and **ab150120**, an Alexa Fluor® 594-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (1/1000) were also used.

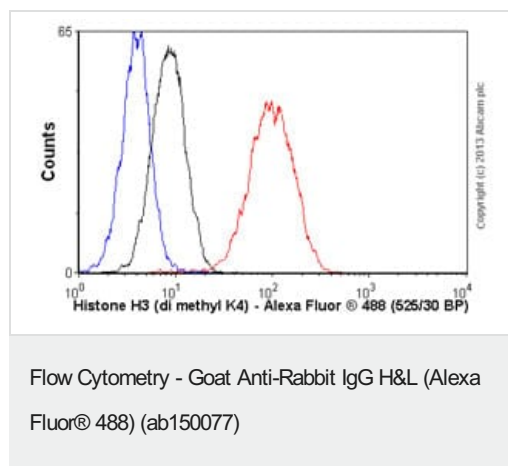
Control 1: primary antibody (1/100) and secondary antibody, **ab150120**, an Alexa Fluor® 594-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (1/1000).

Control 2: **ab7291** (1/1000) and secondary antibody, **ab150077**, an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (1/1000).

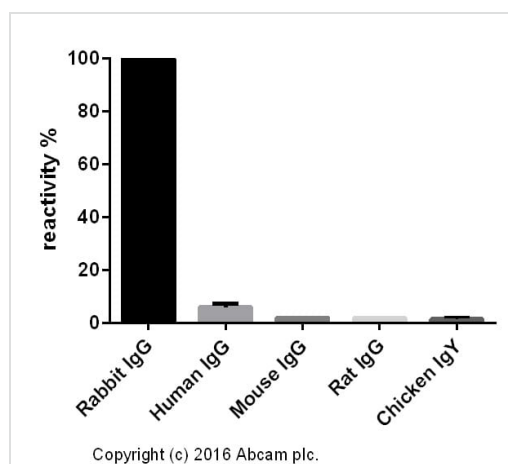


Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Goat
Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

The cells were 100% methanol fixed (5 min) and then incubated in 1%BSA / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine in 0.1% PBS-Tween for 1h to permeabilise the cells and block non-specific protein-protein interactions. The cells were then incubated with the antibody (**ab7291**, 1µg/ml) and (**ab16048**, 1µg/ml) overnight at +4°C. The secondary antibodies were **ab150115** Alexa Fluor® 647 (red) goat anti-mouse IgG (H+L) used at 2µg/ml for 1h and **ab150077** Alexa Fluor® 488 (green) goat anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) used at 2µg/ml for 1h. DAPI was used to stain the cell nuclei.



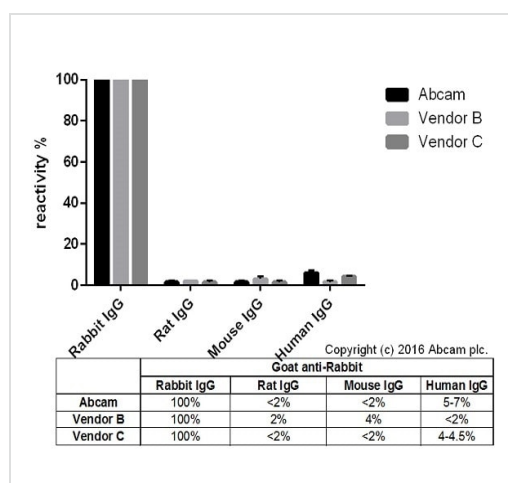
Overlay histogram showing HeLa cells stained with **ab32356** (red line). The cells were fixed with 80% methanol (5 min) and then permeabilized with 0.1% PBS-Tween for 20 min. The cells were then incubated in 1x PBS / 10% normal goat serum / 0.3M glycine to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (**ab32356**, 1/100 dilution) for 30 min at 22°C. The secondary antibody used was Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-rabbit IgG (H&L) at 1/2000 dilution for 30 min at 22°C. Isotype control antibody (black line) was rabbit IgG (monoclonal) (1 µg/1x10⁶ cells) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (blue line) was also used as a control. Acquisition of >5,000 events were collected using a 20mW Argon ion laser (488nm) and 525/30 bandpass filter.



Cross-reactivity of the polyclonal secondary antibody **ab182016** was tested using a sandwich ELISA approach. The wells were coated with the indicated IgG standards at 1 µg/ml (50 µl/well) and incubated overnight at 4°C, followed by a 5% BSA blocking step for 2h at RT. **ab182016** was then added starting at 1 µg/ml and gradually diluted 1/4 (50 µl/well), followed by incubation for 2h. For the detection Donkey anti-Goat IgG H&L (HRP) (**ab6885**) was used at 1/10,000 dilution (50 µl/well), followed by incubation for 1h at RT.

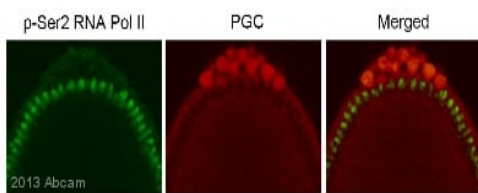
For the batch tested, ab182016 showed a cross-reactivity of 5-7% towards Human IgG and below 2% towards Mouse IgG, Rat IgG and Chicken IgY.

This data was developed using the unconjugated antibody (**ab182016**).



Cross-reactivity of Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (**ab182016**) and Goat anti-Rabbit IgG H&L obtained from two different vendors was tested using a sandwich ELISA approach. The wells were coated with the indicated IgG standards (Rabbit, Human, Mouse and Rat) at 1 µg/ml (50 µl/well) and incubated overnight at 4°C, followed by a 5% BSA blocking step for 2h at RT. Secondary antibodies were then added starting at 1 µg/ml and gradually diluted 1/4 (50 µl/well), followed by incubation for 2h. For the detection Donkey anti-Goat IgG H&L (HRP) (**ab6885**) was used at 1/10,000 dilution (50 µl/well), followed by incubation for 1h at RT. This data is from a representative dilution.

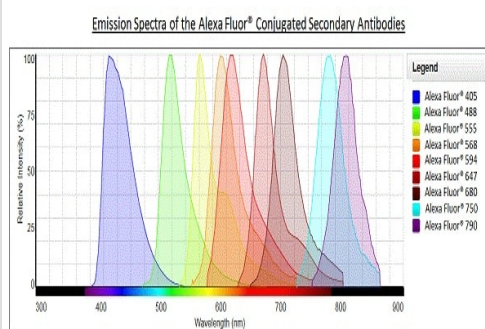
This data was developed using the unconjugated antibody (**ab182016**).



IHC - Wholemount - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L
(Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

This image is courtesy of an anonymous Abreview.

IHC - Wholemount of *Caenorhabditis elegans* larvae labelling RNA polymerase II CTD repeat YSPTSPS (phospho S2) with **ab5095**. The sample was incubated with primary antibody (1/500 in PBS + 3% BSA + 0.1% Triton X-100) for 12 hours at 4°C. ab150077, an Alexa Fluor® 488-conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG polyclonal (1/1000), was used as the secondary antibody.



Alexa Fluor® - Goat Anti-Rabbit IgG H&L (Alexa Fluor® 488) (ab150077)

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