# abcam

### Product datasheet

# Anti-TIM 3 antibody ab47997

★★★★★ 2 Abreviews 7 References 画像数3

#### 製品の概要

製品名 Anti-TIM 3 antibody

製品の詳細 Goat polyclonal to TIM 3

由来種 Goat

アプリケーション 適用あり: WB, Flow Cyt, ICC/IF

種交差性 交差種: Human

交差が予測される動物種: Dog, Non human primates 🔷

免疫原 Synthetic peptide:

C-KWYSHSKEKION

, corresponding to internal sequence amino acids 225-236 of Human TIM 3

Run BLAST with

Run BLAST with

ポジティブ・コントロール

Flow Cyt: HepG2 cells ICC/IF: HepG2 cells WB: A549 and HepG2 cell lysate

特記事項

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

#### 製品の特性

製品の状態 Liquid

保存方法 Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

バッファー

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: Tris buffered saline, 0.5% BSA

精製度 Immunogen affinity purified

特記事項(精製) Purified from goat serum by ammonium sulphate precipitation followed by antigen affinity

chromatography using the immunizing peptide.

ポリモノ ポリクローナル

#### アプリケーション

**The Abpromise guarantee** <u>Abpromise保証は、</u>次のテスト済みアプリケーションにおけるab47997の使用に適用されます アプリケーションノートには、推奨の開始希釈率がありますが、適切な希釈率につきましてはご検討ください。

アプリケーション	Abreviews	特記事項
WB		Use a concentration of 0.1 - 1 µg/ml. Detects a band of approximately 35 kDa (predicted molecular weight: 33 kDa).  1 hour primary incubation is recommended for this product.
Flow Cyt		Use a concentration of 10 µg/ml.
ICC/IF		Use a concentration of 10 µg/ml.

#### ターゲット情報

#### 機能

Cell surface receptor implicated in modulating innate and adaptive immune responses. Generally accepted to have an inhibiting function. Reports on stimulating functions suggest that the activity may be influenced by the cellular context and/or the respective ligand (PubMed:24825777). Regulates macrophage activation (PubMed:11823861). Inhibits T-helper type 1 lymphocyte (Th1)mediated auto- and alloimmune responses and promotes immunological tolerance (PubMed:14556005). In CD8+ cells attenuates TCR-induced signaling, specifically by blocking NF-kappaB and NFAT promoter activities resulting in the loss of IL-2 secretion. The function may implicate its association with LCK proposed to impair phosphorylation of TCR subunits, and/or LGALS9-dependent recruitment of PTPRC to the immunological synapse (PubMed:24337741, PubMed:26492563). In contrast, shown to activate TCR-induced signaling in T-cells probably implicating ZAP70, LCP2, LCK and FYN (By similarity). Expressed on Treg cells can inhibit Th17 cell responses (PubMed:24838857). Receptor for LGALS9 (PubMed:16286920, PubMed:24337741). Binding to LGALS9 is believed to result in suppression of T-cell responses; the resulting apoptosis of antigen-specific cells may implicate HAVCR2 phosphorylation and disruption of its association with BAG6. Binding to LGALS9 is proposed to be involved in innate immune response to intracellular pathogens. Expressed on Th1 cells interacts with LGALS9 expressed on Mycobacterium tuberculosis-infected macrophages to stimulate antibactericidal activity including IL-1 beta secretion and to restrict intracellular bacterial growth (By similarity). However, the function as receptor for LGALS9 has been challenged (PubMed:23555261). Also reported to enhance CD8+ T-cell responses to an acute infection such as by Listeria monocytogenes (By similarity). Receptor for phosphatidylserine (PtSer); PtSer-binding is calciumdependent. May recognize PtSer on apoptotic cells leading to their phagocytosis. Mediates the engulfment of apoptotic cells by dendritic cells. Expressed on T-cells, promotes conjugation but not engulfment of apoptotic cells. Expressed on dendritic cells (DCs) positively regulates innate immune response and in synergy with Toll-like receptors promotes secretion of TNF-alpha. In tumor-imfiltrating DCs suppresses nucleic acid-mediated innate immune repsonse by interaction with HMGB1 and interfering with nucleic acid-sensing and trafficking of nucleid acids to endosomes (By similarity). Expressed on natural killer (NK) cells acts as a coreceptor to enhance IFN-gamma production in response to LGALS9 (PubMed:22323453). In contrast, shown to suppress NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity (PubMed:22383801). Negatively regulates NK cell

function in LPS-induced endotoxic shock.

組織特異性 Expressed in T-helper type 1 (Th1) lymphocytes. Expressed on regulatory T (Treg) cells after TCR

stimulation. Expressed in dendritic cells and natural killer (NK) cells. Expressed in epithelial tissues. Expression is increased on CD4+ and CD8+ T-cells in chronic hepatitis C virus (HCV) infection. In progressive HIV-1 infection, expression is up-regulated on HIV-1-specific CD8 T-

cells.

関連疾患 May be involved in T-cell exhaustion associated with chronic viral infections such as with human

immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and hepatitic C virus (HCV).

**配列類似性** Belongs to the immunoglobulin superfamily. TIM family.

Contains 1 lg-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.

翻訳後修飾 O-glycosylated with core 1 or possibly core 8 glycans.

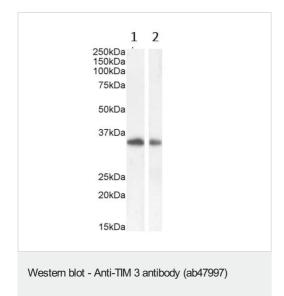
Phosphorylated on tyrosine residues; modestly increased after TCR/CD28 stimulation. Can be phosphorylated in the cytoplasmatic domain by FYN (By similarity). Phosphorylation at Tyr-265 is

increased by stimulation with ligand LGALS9.

細胞内局在 Membrane. Cell junction. Localizes to the immunological synapse between CD8+ T-cells and

target cells.

#### 画像



**Lane 1 :** Anti-TIM 3 antibody (ab47997) at 0.1 μg/ml **Lane 2 :** Anti-TIM 3 antibody (ab47997) at 0.5 μg/ml

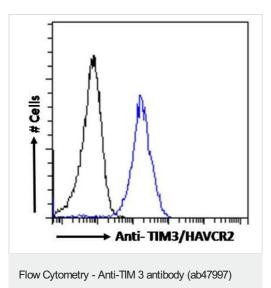
Lane 1 : A549 cell lysate

Lane 2 : HepG2 cell lysate

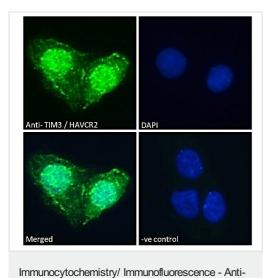
Lysates/proteins at 35 µg per lane.

Predicted band size: 33 kDa

Lysate in RIPA buffer. Detected by chemiluminescence.



Flow cytometric analysis of paraformaldehyde fixed HepG2 cells (blue line), permeabilized with 0.5% Triton. Primary incubation 1hr (10µg/mL) followed by Alexa Fluor 488 secondary antibody (1µg/mL). lgG control: Unimmunized goat lgG (black line) followed by Alexa Fluor 488 secondary antibody.



Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence analysis of paraformaldehyde fixed HepG2 cells, permeabilized with 0.15% Triton. Primary incubation 1hr (10µg/mL) followed by Alexa Fluor 488 secondary antibody (2µg/mL), showing nuclear and plasma membrane staining. The nuclear stain is DAPI (blue). Negative control: Unimmunized goat lgG (10µg/mL) followed by Alexa Fluor 488 secondary antibody (2µg/mL).

TIM 3 antibody (ab47997)

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