# abcam

## Product datasheet

## PE/Cy5® Anti-HLA-DR antibody [LN3] ab95830

5 References 画像数 1

#### 製品の概要

製品名 PE/Cy5® Anti-HLA-DR antibody [LN3]

製品の詳細 PE/Cy5® Mouse monoclonal [LN3] to HLA-DR

由来種 Mouse

標識 PE/Cy5®. Ex: 496nm, Em: 670nm

アプリケーション 適用あり: Flow Cyt 種交差性 交差種: Human

免疫原 The details of the immunogen for this antibody are not available.

ポジティブ・コントロール Normal human peripheral blood cells/leukocytes

特記事項 The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

## 製品の特性

製品の状態 Liquid

保存方法 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C.

**バッファー** pH: 7.20

Preservative: 0.09% Sodium azide

精製度 Protein G purified

**ポリ/モノ** モノクローナル

 クローン名
 LN3

 アイソタイプ
 IgG2b

 軽鎖の種類
 kappa

アプリケーション

## The Abpromise guarantee

Abpromise保証は、次のテスト済みアプリケーションにおけるab95830の使用に適用されます

アプリケーションノートには、推奨の開始希釈率がありますが、適切な希釈率につきましてはご検討ください。

アプリケーション	Abreviews	特記事項
Flow Cyt		Use 5µl for 10 <sup>6</sup> cells.  ab91535 - Mouse monoclonal lgG2b, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.

## ターゲット情報

## 機能

Binds peptides derived from antigens that access the endocytic route of antigen presenting cells (APC) and presents them on the cell surface for recognition by the CD4 T-cells. The peptide binding cleft accommodates peptides of 10-30 residues. The peptides presented by MHC class II molecules are generated mostly by degradation of proteins that access the endocytic route, where they are processed by lysosomal proteases and other hydrolases. Exogenous antigens that have been endocytosed by the APC are thus readily available for presentation via MHC II molecules, and for this reason this antigen presentation pathway is usually referred to as exogenous. As membrane proteins on their way to degradation in lysosomes as part of their normal turn-over are also contained in the endosomal/lysosomal compartments, exogenous antigens must compete with those derived from endogenous components. Autophagy is also a source of endogenous peptides, autophagosomes constitutively fuse with MHC class II loading compartments. In addition to APCs, other cells of the gastrointestinal tract, such as epithelial cells, express MHC class II molecules and CD74 and act as APCs, which is an unusual trait of the GI tract. To produce a MHC class II molecule that presents an antigen, three MHC class II molecules (heterodimers of an alpha and a beta chain) associate with a CD74 trimer in the ER to form an heterononamer. Soon after the entry of this complex into the endosomal/lysosomal system where antigen processing occurs, CD74 undergoes a sequential degradation by various proteases, including CTSS and CTSL, leaving a small fragment termed CLIP (class-II-associated invariant chain peptide). The removal of CLIP is facilitated by HLA-DM via direct binding to the alpha-beta-CLIP complex so that CLIP is released. HLA-DM stabilizes MHC class II molecules until primary high affinity antigenic peptides are bound. The MHC II molecule bound to a peptide is then transported to the cell membrane surface. In B-cells, the interaction between HLA-DM and MHC class II molecules is regulated by HLA-DO. Primary dendritic cells (DCs) also to express HLA-DO. Lysosomal miroenvironment has been implicated in the regulation of antigen loading into MHC II molecules, increased acidification produces increased proteolysis and efficient peptide loading.

配列類似性

Belongs to the MHC class II family.

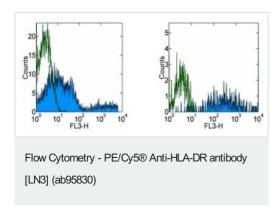
Contains 1 lg-like C1-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain.

翻訳後修飾

Ubiquitinated by MARCH1 or MARCH8 at Lys-244 leading to down-regulation of MHC class II. When associated with ubiquitination of the beta subunit of HLA-DR: HLA-DRB4 'Lys-254', the down-regulation of MHC class II may be highly effective.

細胞内局在

Cell membrane. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Golgi apparatus > trans-Golgi network membrane. Endosome membrane. Lysosome membrane. Late endosome membrane. The MHC class II complex transits through a number of intracellular compartments in the endocytic pathway until it reaches the cell membrane for antigen presentation.



Flow cytometry staining of normal Human peripheral blood cells with Mouse IgG2b Isotype Control PE/Cy5 (open histogram) or ab95830 (filled histogram). Cells in the lymphocyte (left) and monocyte (right) gates were used for analysis.

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

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