# abcam

### Product datasheet

## Anti-MLH3 antibody ab4834

1 References 画像数 1

#### 製品の概要

製品名 Anti-MLH3 antibody

製品の詳細 Goat polyclonal to MLH3

由来種 Goat

アプリケーション 適用あり: ICC/IF

種交差性 交差種: Human

免疫原 Synthetic peptide:

RQSLQQSMPPCEPP

, corresponding to C terminal amino acids 1416-1429 of Human MLH3.

Run BLAST with

Run BLAST with

特記事項 Gene Ontology terms - satellite DNA binding; ATP binding; molecular\_function unknown;

mismatch repair; biological process unknown; nucleus; cellular component unknown

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

#### 製品の特性

製品の状態 Liquid

保存方法 Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw

cycles.

**パッファー** pH: 7.30

Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: Tris buffered saline, 0.5% BSA

精製度 Immunogen affinity purified

特記事項(精製) Purified from goat serum by ammonium sulphate precipitation followed by antigen affinity

chromatography using the immunizing peptide.

**ポリ/モノ** ポリクローナル

1

#### アプリケーション

Abpromise保証は、次のテスト済みアプリケーションにおけるab4834の使用に適用されます The Abpromise guarantee アプリケーションノートには、推奨の開始希釈率がありますが、適切な希釈率につきましてはご検討ください。

アプリケーション	Abreviews	特記事項
ICC/IF		Use a concentration of 10 µg/ml.

#### ターゲット情報

機能

Probably involved in the repair of mismatches in DNA.

組織特異性

Ubiquitous.

関連疾患

Defects in MLH3 are the cause of hereditary non-polyposis colorectal cancer type 7 (HNPCC7) [MIM:614385]. Mutations in more than one gene locus can be involved alone or in combination in the production of the HNPCC phenotype (also called Lynch syndrome). Most families with clinically recognized HNPCC have mutations in either MLH1 or MSH2 genes. HNPCC is an autosomal, dominantly inherited disease associated with marked increase in cancer susceptibility. It is characterized by a familial predisposition to early onset colorectal carcinoma (CRC) and extra-colonic cancers of the gastrointestinal, urological and female reproductive tracts. HNPCC is reported to be the most common form of inherited colorectal cancer in the Western world, and accounts for 15% of all colon cancers. Cancers in HNPCC originate within benign neoplastic polyps termed adenomas. Clinically, HNPCC is often divided into two subgroups. Type I: hereditary predisposition to colorectal cancer, a young age of onset, and carcinoma observed in the proximal colon. Type II: patients have an increased risk for cancers in certain tissues such as the uterus, ovary, breast, stomach, small intestine, skin, and larynx in addition to the colon. Diagnosis of classical HNPCC is based on the Amsterdam criteria: 3 or more relatives affected by colorectal cancer, one a first degree relative of the other two; 2 or more generation affected; 1 or more colorectal cancers presenting before 50 years of age; exclusion of hereditary polyposis syndromes. The term 'suspected HNPCC' or 'incomplete HNPCC' can be used to describe families who do not or only partially fulfill the Amsterdam criteria, but in whom a genetic basis for colon cancer is strongly suspected.

Defects in MLH3 are a cause of colorectal cancer (CRC) [MIM:114500].

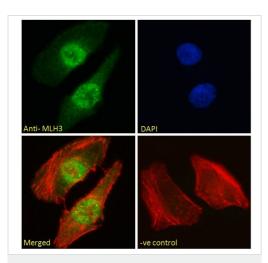
配列類似性

Belongs to the DNA mismatch repair mutL/hexB family.

細胞内局在

Nucleus.

#### 画像



Immunocytochemistry/ Immunofluorescence - Anti-MLH3 antibody (ab4834)

Immunofluorescence analysis of paraformaldehyde fixed HeLa cells, permeabilized with 0.15% Triton. Primary incubation with ab4834 for 1hr (10  $\mu$ g/ml) followed by Alexa Fluor 488 secondary antibody (2  $\mu$ g/ml), showing nuclear staining. Actin filaments were stained with phalloidin (red) and the nuclear stain is DAPI (blue). Negative control: Unimmunized goat lgG (10  $\mu$ g/ml) followed by Alexa Fluor 488 secondary antibody (2  $\mu$ g/ml).

Please note: All products are "FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES"

#### Our Abpromise to you: Quality guaranteed and expert technical support

- · Replacement or refund for products not performing as stated on the datasheet
- Valid for 12 months from date of delivery
- Response to your inquiry within 24 hours
- We provide support in Chinese, English, French, German, Japanese and Spanish
- Extensive multi-media technical resources to help you
- We investigate all quality concerns to ensure our products perform to the highest standards

If the product does not perform as described on this datasheet, we will offer a refund or replacement. For full details of the Abpromise, please visit <a href="https://www.abcam.co.jp/abpromise">https://www.abcam.co.jp/abpromise</a> or contact our technical team.

#### Terms and conditions

Guarantee only valid for products bought direct from Abcam or one of our authorized distributors