# abcam

### Product datasheet

# Anti-GLP-1 antibody [8G9] ab26278

20 References 画像数 3

製品の概要

製品名 Anti-GLP-1 antibody [8G9]

製品の詳細 Mouse monoclonal [8G9] to GLP-1

由来種 Mouse

アプリケーション 適用あり: IHC-P, Sandwich ELISA

種交差性 交差種: Mouse, Human

交差が予測される動物種: a wide range of other species 🔥

免疫原 Synthetic peptide corresponding to Human GLP-1 aa 50-150. ab26278 reacts with the amidated

C-Terminus of GLP-1(7-36) coupled to a carrier.

Database link: P01275

Run BLAST with
Run BLAST with

エピトープ C-terminal epitope of GLP-1(7-36)amide

ポジティブ・コントロール IHC-P/IHC-Fr: rat colon, rat and mouse pancreas tissue.

特記事項 ab26278 should be used as capture with biotinylated version <u>ab121057</u> as detection.

The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

製品の特性

製品の状態 Liquid

保存方法 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C short term (1-2 weeks). Store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid freeze /

thaw cycle.

**バッファー** pH: 7.40

Preservative: 0.097% Sodium azide

Constituents: 0.0268% PBS, 2.9% Sodium chloride

精製度 Protein A purified

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**ポリ/モノ** モノクローナル

**クローン名** 8G9

₹**I**□-**マ** x63-Aq8.653

アイソタイプ lgG1 軽鎖の種類 kappa

#### アプリケーション

**The Abpromise guarantee** <u>Abpromise保証は、</u>次のテスト済みアプリケーションにおけるab26278の使用に適用されますアプリケーションノートには、推奨の開始希釈率がありますが、適切な希釈率につきましてはご検討ください。

アプリケーション	Abreviews	特記事項
IHC-P		1/2000. Fix in 4% paraformaldehyde in 0.1 phosphate buffer, pH 7.4 overnight at 4°C.
Sandwich ELISA		Use at an assay dependent concentration. Can be paired for Sandwich ELISA with <u>Mouse monoclonal [10] to GLP-1</u> (ab121057) and <u>Mouse monoclonal [4F3] to GLP-1</u> (ab23472).

#### ターゲット情報

#### 機能

Glucagon plays a key role in glucose metabolism and homeostasis. Regulates blood glucose by increasing gluconeogenesis and decreasing glycolysis. A counterregulatory hormone of insulin, raises plasma glucose levels in response to insulin-induced hypoglycemia. Plays an important role in initiating and maintaining hyperglycemic conditions in diabetes.

GLP-1 is a potent stimulator of glucose-dependent insulin release. Play important roles on gastric motility and the suppression of plasma glucagon levels. May be involved in the suppression of satiety and stimulation of glucose disposal in peripheral tissues, independent of the actions of insulin. Have growth-promoting activities on intestinal epithelium. May also regulate the hypothalamic pituitary axis (HPA) via effects on LH, TSH, CRH, oxytocin, and vasopressin secretion. Increases islet mass through stimulation of islet neogenesis and pancreatic beta cell proliferaton. Inhibits beta cell apoptosis.

GLP-2 stimulates intestinal growth and up-regulates villus height in the small intestine, concomitant with increased crypt cell proliferation and decreased enterocyte apoptosis. The gastrointestinal tract, from the stomach to the colon is the principal target for GLP-2 action. Plays a key role in nutrient homeostasis, enhancing nutrient assimilation through enhanced gastrointestinal function, as well as increasing nutrient disposal. Stimulates intestinal glucose transport and decreases mucosal permeability.

Oxyntomodulin significantly reduces food intake. Inhibits gastric emptying in humans. Suppression of gastric emptying may lead to increased gastric distension, which may contribute to satiety by causing a sensation of fullness.

Glicentin may modulate gastric acid secretion and the gastro-pyloro-duodenal activity. May play an important role in intestinal mucosal growth in the early period of life.

Glucagon is secreted in the A cells of the islets of Langerhans. GLP-1, GLP-2, oxyntomodulin and glicentin are secreted from enteroendocrine cells throughout the gastrointestinal tract. GLP1 and

#### 組織特異性

GLP2 are also secreted in selected neurons in the brain.

配列類似性 翻訳後修飾

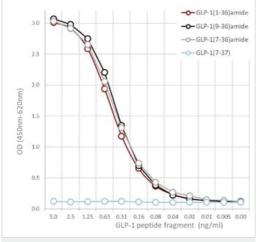
Belongs to the glucagon family.

Proglucagon is post-translationally processed in a tissue-specific manner in pancreatic A cells and intestinal L cells. In pancreatic A cells, the major bioactive hormone is glucagon cleaved by PCSK2/PC2. In the intestinal L cells PCSK1/PC1 liberates GLP-1, GLP-2, glicentin and oxyntomodulin. GLP-1 is further N-terminally truncated by post-translational processing in the intestinal L cells resulting in GLP-1(7-37) GLP-1-(7-36)amide. The C-terminal amidation is neither important for the metabolism of GLP-1 nor for its effects on the endocrine pancreas.

細胞内局在

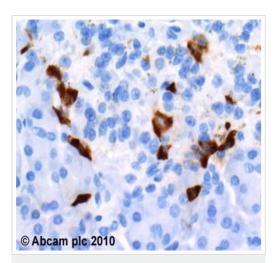
Secreted.

#### 画像



Sandwich ELISA - Anti-GLP-1 antibody [8G9] (ab26278)

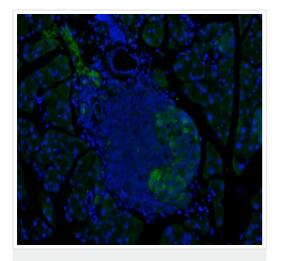
Sandwich ELISA graph showing GLP-1 (1-36)amide, GLP-1 (9-36)amide, and GLP-1 (7-36)amide detection using ab26278 as capture antibody and biotinylated <u>ab23468</u> detection antibody.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-GLP-1 antibody [8G9] (ab26278)

ab26278 (1 $\mu$ g/ml) staining GLP-1 in Human pancreas, using an automated system (DAKO Autostainer Plus). Using this protocol there is strong cytoplasmic staining.

Sections were rehydrated and antigen retrieved with the Dako 3 in 1 AR buffer citrate pH6.1 in a DAKO PT link. Slides were peroxidase blocked in 3% H2O2 in methanol for 10 mins. They were then blocked with Dako Protein block for 10 minutes (containing casein 0.25% in PBS) then incubated with primary antibody for 20 min and detected with Dako envision flex amplification kit for 30 minutes. Colorimetric detection was completed with Diaminobenzidine for 5 minutes. Slides were counterstained with Haematoxylin and coverslipped under DePeX. Please note that, for manual staining, optimization of primary antibody concentration and incubation time is recommended. Signal amplification may be required.



Immunohistochemistry (Formalin/PFA-fixed paraffinembedded sections) - Anti-GLP-1 antibody [8G9] (ab26278)

Immunofluorescence analysis of diabetic mice pancreas tissue stained for GLP-1 using ab26278 at 1/500 dilution.

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