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Product datasheet

FITC Anti-TNF Receptor I antibody [55R-170] ab125141

1 References

製品の概要

製品名 FITC Anti-TNF Receptor I antibody [55R-170]

製品の詳細 FITC Armenian hamster monoclonal [55R-170] to TNF Receptor I

由来種 Armenian hamster

標識 FITC. Ex: 493nm, Em: 528nm

アプリケーション 適用あり: ELISA, IP, Flow Cyt, Functional Studies

種交差性 交差種: Mouse

免疫原 Recombinant fragment corresponding to Mouse TNF Receptor I. Purified soluble extracellular

domain of Mouse TNFRSF1A.

特記事項 The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years.

Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets

your needs before purchasing.

If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or

contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be

found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&As

製品の特性

製品の状態 Liquid

保存方法 Shipped at 4°C. Store at +4°C.

רקלע"ל Preservative: 0.02% Sodium azide

Constituents: 1% BSA, 98% PBS

精製度 Protein G purified

ポリ/モノ モノクローナル

クローン名 55R-170

アイソタイプ IgG

アプリケーション

アプリケーションノートには、推奨の開始希釈率がありますが、適切な希釈率につきましてはご検討ください。

アプリケーション	Abreviews	特記事項
ELISA		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
IP		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Flow Cyt		Use at an assay dependent concentration. <u>ab18473</u> - Armenian Hamster monoclonal lgG, is suitable for use as an isotype control with this antibody.
Functional Studies		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

ターゲット情報

Receptor for TNFSF2/TNF-alpha and homotrimeric TNFSF1/lymphotoxin-alpha. The adapter molecule FADD recruits caspase-8 to the activated receptor. The resulting death-inducing signaling complex (DISC) performs caspase-8 proteolytic activation which initiates the subsequent cascade of caspases (aspartate-specific cysteine proteases) mediating apoptosis. Contributes to the induction of non-cytocidal TNF effects including anti-viral state and activation of the acid sphingomyelinase.
Familial hibernian fever Multiple sclerosis 5
Contains 1 death domain. Contains 4 TNFR-Cys repeats.
The domain that induces A-SMASE is probably identical to the death domain. The N-SMASE activation domain (NSD) is both necessary and sufficient for activation of N-SMASE. Both the cytoplasmic membrane-proximal region and the C-terminal region containing the death domain are involved in the interaction with TRPC4AP.
The soluble form is produced from the membrane form by proteolytic processing.
Cell membrane. Golgi apparatus membrane. Secreted. A secreted form is produced through proteolytic processing and Secreted. Lacks a Golgi-retention motif, is not membrane bound and therefore is secreted.

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