

# Anti-Apolipoprotein A I antibody [G2] ab58924

## 1 References

### 製品の概要

製品名	Anti-Apolipoprotein A I antibody [G2]
製品の詳細	Mouse monoclonal [G2] to Apolipoprotein A I
由来種	Mouse
特異性	This antibody reacts with both free human Apolipoprotein AI and High Density Lipoprotein (HDL) bearing Apolipoprotein AI, but does not cross react with Apolipoprotein E, B or Albumin.
アプリケーション	<b>適用あり:</b> ELISA, IHC-Fr, WB
種交差性	<b>交差種:</b> Human
免疫原	Apolipoprotein AI from human plasma.
特記事項	<p>Affinity: Kd = 3nM (for human apolipoprotein A1).</p> <p>The Life Science industry has been in the grips of a reproducibility crisis for a number of years. Abcam is leading the way in addressing this with our range of recombinant monoclonal antibodies and knockout edited cell lines for gold-standard validation. Please check that this product meets your needs before purchasing.</p> <p>If you have any questions, special requirements or concerns, please send us an inquiry and/or contact our Support team ahead of purchase. Recommended alternatives for this product can be found below, along with publications, customer reviews and Q&amp;As</p>

### 製品の特性

製品の状態	Liquid
保存方法	Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze / thaw cycles.
バッファー	<p>Constituents: 1% Dextran, 1% Mannitol, 0.381% Sodium borate, 0.164% Sodium phosphate, 0.87% Sodium chloride</p> <p>And salts</p>
精製度	Protein A purified
ポリ/モノ	モノクローナル
クローン名	G2
アイソタイプ	IgG1

## アプリケーション

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アプリケーション	Abreviews	特記事項
ELISA		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
IHC-Fr		Use at an assay dependent concentration.
WB		Use at an assay dependent concentration.

## ターゲット情報

機能	Participates in the reverse transport of cholesterol from tissues to the liver for excretion by promoting cholesterol efflux from tissues and by acting as a cofactor for the lecithin cholesterol acyltransferase (LCAT). As part of the SPAP complex, activates spermatozoa motility.
組織特異性	Major protein of plasma HDL, also found in chylomicrons. Synthesized in the liver and small intestine.
関連疾患	<p>Defects in APOA1 are a cause of high density lipoprotein deficiency type 2 (HDLD2) [MIM:604091]; also known as familial hypoalphalipoproteinemia (FHA). Inheritance is autosomal dominant.</p> <p>Defects in APOA1 are a cause of the low HDL levels observed in high density lipoprotein deficiency type 1 (HDLD1) [MIM:205400]; also known as analphalipoproteinemia or Tangier disease (TGD). HDLD1 is a recessive disorder characterized by the absence of plasma HDL, accumulation of cholesteryl esters, premature coronary artery disease, hepatosplenomegaly, recurrent peripheral neuropathy and progressive muscle wasting and weakness. In HDLD1 patients, ApoA-I fails to associate with HDL probably because of the faulty conversion of pro-ApoA-I molecules into mature chains, either due to a defect in the converting enzyme activity or a specific structural defect in Tangier ApoA-I.</p> <p>Defects in APOA1 are the cause of amyloid polyneuropathy-nephropathy Iowa type (AMYLIOWA) [MIM:107680]; also known as amyloidosis van Allen type or familial amyloid polyneuropathy type III. AMYLIOWA is a hereditary generalized amyloidosis due to deposition of amyloid mainly constituted by apolipoprotein A1. The clinical picture is dominated by neuropathy in the early stages of the disease and nephropathy late in the course. Death is due in most cases to renal amyloidosis. Severe peptic ulcer disease can occur in some and hearing loss is frequent. Cataracts is present in several, but vitreous opacities are not observed.</p> <p>Defects in APOA1 are a cause of amyloidosis type 8 (AMYL8) [MIM:105200]; also known as systemic non-neuropathic amyloidosis or Ostertag-type amyloidosis. AMYL8 is a hereditary generalized amyloidosis due to deposition of apolipoprotein A1, fibrinogen and lysozyme amyloids. Viscera are particularly affected. There is no involvement of the nervous system. Clinical features include renal amyloidosis resulting in nephrotic syndrome, arterial hypertension, hepatosplenomegaly, cholestasis, petechial skin rash.</p>
配列類似性	Belongs to the apolipoprotein A1/A4/E family.
翻訳後修飾	<p>Palmitoylated.</p> <p>Phosphorylation sites are present in the extracellular medium.</p>
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