

Product datasheet

Recombinant Mouse TPA Tissue Plasminogen Activator protein (FITC) ab92640

製品の概要

製品名	Recombinant Mouse TPA Tissue Plasminogen Activator protein (FITC)
タンパク質長	Full length protein

法規制情報

カルタヘナ法

製品の詳細

由来	Recombinant
由来	Insect cells
アミノ酸配列	
アクセッション番号	P11214
生物種	Mouse
標識	FITC. Ex: 493nm, Em: 528nm

特性

Our [Abpromise guarantee](#) covers the use of **ab92640** in the following tested applications.

The application notes include recommended starting dilutions; optimal dilutions/concentrations should be determined by the end user.

アプリケーション	SDS-PAGE
精製度	> 95 % SDS-PAGE.
製品の状態	Liquid
備考	Protect from light.

前処理および保存

保存方法および安定性	Shipped on dry ice. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -80°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
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Preservative: None

Constituents: 0.4M HEPES, 0.1M Sodium chloride, pH 7.4

関連情報

機能	Converts the abundant, but inactive, zymogen plasminogen to plasmin by hydrolyzing a single Arg-Val bond in plasminogen. By controlling plasmin-mediated proteolysis, it plays an important role in tissue remodeling and degradation, in cell migration and many other physiopathological events. Play a direct role in facilitating neuronal migration.
組織特異性	Synthesized in numerous tissues (including tumors) and secreted into most extracellular body fluids, such as plasma, uterine fluid, saliva, gingival crevicular fluid, tears, seminal fluid, and milk.
関連疾患	Note=Increased activity of TPA results in increased fibrinolysis of fibrin blood clots that is associated with excessive bleeding. Defective release of TPA results in hypofibrinolysis that can lead to thrombosis or embolism.
配列類似性	Belongs to the peptidase S1 family. Contains 1 EGF-like domain. Contains 1 fibronectin type-I domain. Contains 2 kringle domains. Contains 1 peptidase S1 domain.
ドメイン	Both FN1 and one of the kringle domains are required for binding to fibrin. Both FN1 and EGF-like domains are important for binding to LRP1. The FN1 domain mediates binding to annexin A2. The second kringle domain is implicated in binding to cytokeratin-8 and to the endothelial cell surface binding site.
翻訳後修飾	The single chain, almost fully active enzyme, can be further processed into a two-chain fully active form by a cleavage after Arg-310 catalyzed by plasmin, tissue kallikrein or factor Xa. Differential cell-specific N-linked glycosylation gives rise to two glycoforms, type I (glycosylated at Asn-219) and type II (not glycosylated at Asn-219). The single chain type I glycoform is less readily converted into the two-chain form by plasmin, and the two-chain type I glycoform has a lower activity than the two-chain type II glycoform in the presence of fibrin. N-glycosylation of Asn-152; the bound oligomannosidic glycan is involved in the interaction with the mannose receptor. Characterization of O-linked glycan was studied in Bowes melanoma cell line.
細胞内局在	Secreted > extracellular space.

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